2019 IDAHO
POINT-IN-TIME HOMELESSNESS COUNT

S T A T E W I D E

2,315
total homeless persons counted

An annual count on a single night each year to assist in analyzing homelessness trends in Idaho.

H O M E L E S S C O U N T 15% SINCE 2018

HOUSEHOLD TYPE

Unaccompanied children includes those who are under 18.

TOTAL HOMELESS YOUTH HOUSEHOLDS

236
24 & younger

28% UNSHELTERED
72% SHELTERED

20% PARENTING YOUTH WITH DEPENDENT CHILDREN
80% UNACCOMPANIED

Total homeless youth households include anyone 24 or younger that does not have a member of their household that is over 24.

SUBPOPULATION

TOTAL HOMELESS VETERANS

201
36% UNSHELTERED
64% SHELTERED

*Non-housing includes a broad list of places unsheltered persons stay that is not “on the streets” or in vehicles, including abandoned buildings, outbuildings, rest areas, 24-hour establishments, condemned houses, etc.

985
UNSHeltered

448 VEHICLES

357 INSIDE NON-HOUSING

180 OUTSIDE

1,330 SHELTERED

999 EMERGENCY SHELTER

331 TRANSITIONAL HOUSING

985
28%

An annual count on a single night each year to assist in analyzing homelessness trends in Idaho.
### TOTAL HOMELESS PERSONS BY REGION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REGION</th>
<th>COUNTY</th>
<th>UNSHELTERED</th>
<th>SHELTERED</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Kootenai, Bonner, Boundary, Shoshone, Benewah</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>173</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Latah, Clearwater, Nez Perce, Lewis, Idaho</td>
<td>161</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>184</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Adams, Washington, Payette, Canyon, Elmore, Gem, Owyhee, Valley, Boise</td>
<td>609</td>
<td>243</td>
<td>852</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Camas, Blaine, Gooding, Lincoln, Jerome, Twin Falls, Cassia, Minidoka</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Bingham, Power, Oneida, Bannock, Caribou, Bear Lake, Franklin</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>124</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Lemhi, Custer, Butte, Clark, Fremont, Madison, Teton, Bonneville, Jefferson</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>95</td>
<td>133</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Ada</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>652</td>
<td>713</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>985</strong></td>
<td><strong>1,330</strong></td>
<td><strong>2,315</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Idaho’s 16th annual Point-in-Time (PIT) count was conducted the night of January 23, 2019. The PIT counts for regions 1-6 were conducted by Balance of State Continuum of Care (CoC) and coordinated by Idaho Housing and Finance Association (IHFA). The PIT count for region 7 was conducted and coordinated by Boise City Ada County CoC. The primary goal of the PIT count is to provide a one-night “snapshot” of the number of homeless persons who are either living on the streets, in places not meant for habitation or are currently residing in emergency shelters or homeless transitional housing projects. HUD’s definition of homelessness for the PIT count does not include persons who may be staying with friends or relatives, in a hotel/motel, in a treatment facility, in jail or permanent housing projects for formerly homeless persons.

Additional PIT Count information can be found at idahohousing.com/homelessness-services-programs/hmis/.

### POINT-IN-TIME COUNT

- While the Point-in-Time count represents a one-day snapshot of homelessness in the state and its regions, it is not indicative of the true number of homeless persons and families in the state over a given year.

- There is variation in count methodology year-to-year within communities. Unsheltered counts have more limitations than sheltered counts and there is more variation in methodology.

- Despite these limitations, the annual Point-in-Time count is a snapshot of those experiencing homelessness in the state and is used to inform decisions on resource allocation.